

# H800HV



# Hawkeye® 800HV

## Split-Core Current Switch, Fixed Trip Point

### Installer's Specifications

|                                  |  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Sensor Power                     | Induced from monitored current   |
| Insulation Class                 | 600VAC RMS (UL), 300VAC RMS (CE)   |
| Frequency Range                  | 50/60 Hz   |
| Temperature Range                | -40° to 50°C (-40° to 122°F) (to 200A);<br>-40° to 75°C (-40° to 167°F) (to 100A & 0.25A output) |
| Humidity Range                   | 10-90% RH, non-condensing  |
| Terminal Block Maximum Wire Size | 14 AWG (16 AWG for H300)   |
| Terminal Block Torque (nominal)  | 4 in-lbs (7 in-lbs for H300)   |
| Agency Approvals                 | UL 508 open device listing   |

The product design provides for basic insulation only.

## DANGER

### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH

- Follow safe electrical work practices. See NFPA 70E in the USA, or applicable local codes.
- This equipment must only be installed and serviced by qualified electrical personnel.
- Read, understand and follow the instructions before installing this product.
- Turn off all power supplying equipment before working on or inside the equipment.
- Use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm power is off.  
DO NOT DEPEND ON THIS PRODUCT FOR VOLTAGE INDICATION
- Only install this product on insulated conductors.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

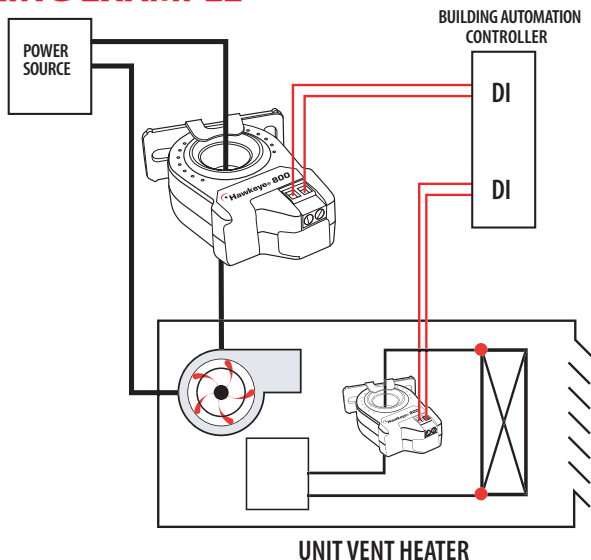
## NOTICE

- This product is not intended for life or safety applications.
- Do not install this product in hazardous or classified locations.
- The installer is responsible for conformance to all applicable codes.
- Mount this product inside a suitable fire and electrical enclosure.

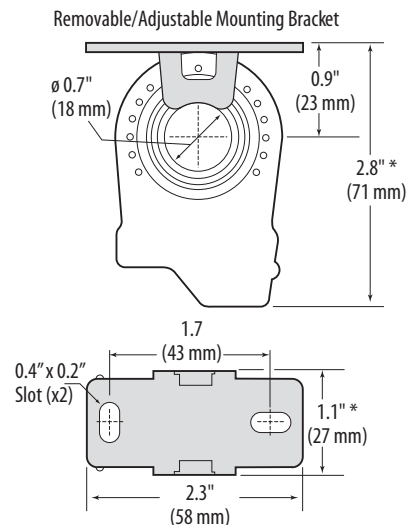
## QUICK INSTALL

- Disconnect and lock out power to the conductor to be monitored.
- Plan the installation:  
Locate a mounting surface for the removable mounting bracket that will allow the monitored conductor to pass through the iris, or "window" when it is installed and keep the product at least 1/2" (13mm) from any uninsulated conductors. Determine cable routing for the controller connection, allowing wiring to reach the mounting location.
- Install mounting bracket  
Drill holes to mount the bracket to the chosen surface using the included screws.
- Wire the output connections between the sensor and the controller.
- Snap the sensor over the wire to be monitored and clip the assembly to the mounting bracket.

## WIRING EXAMPLE



## DIMENSIONS



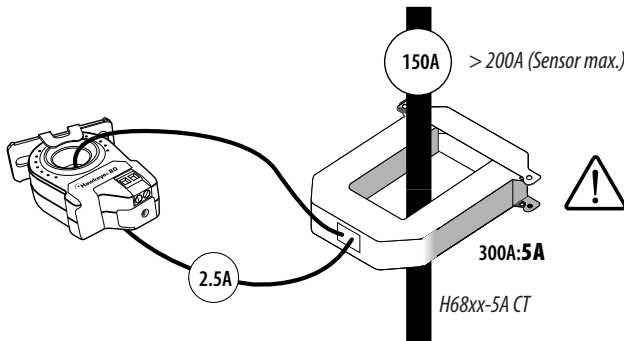
**OPERATION**

The H800 is a current-sensitive switching device that monitors current (amperage) in the conductor passing through it. A change in amperage in the monitored conductor that crosses the switch (setpoint) threshold plus the hysteresis value will cause the resistance of the FET status output to change state, similar to the action of a mechanical switch. In this model, the setpoint is fixed at 150mA AC max. (200mA for 50Hz operation). The status output is suitable for connection to building controllers or other appropriate data acquisition equipment operating at up to 30 volts. The H800 requires no external power supply to generate its output.

**NOTES**

**For load currents greater than sensor maximum rating:**

Use a 5 Amp (H68xx series) Current Transformer (CT) as shown.



**DANGER: 5A CTs can present hazardous voltages.**  
 Install CTs in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.  
 Terminate the CT secondary before applying current.

**CAUTION**

**RISK OF EQUIPMENT DAMAGE**

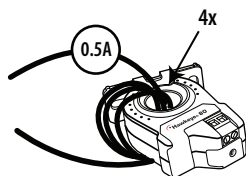
- Derate the product's maximum current for the number of turns through the sensing window using the following formula.  
 Rated Max. Amps ÷ Number of Turns = Max. monitored Amps  
 e.g. : 100A ÷ 4 Turns = 25 Amps max. in monitored conductor
- Failure to follow these instructions can result in overheating and permanent equipment damage.

**For load currents less than sensor minimum rating:**

Wrap the monitored conductor through the center hole and around the sensor body to produce multiple turns through the "window." This increases the current measured by the transducer.

Controller must be programmed to account for the extra turns. e.g., if four turns pass through the sensor (as shown) the normal controller reading must be divided by 4.

< 0.75 A (Sensor Min.)



**TROUBLESHOOTING**

| Problem                  | Solution   |
|--------------------------|--|
| No Reading at Controller | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check for control voltage at sensor (&lt;30V)</li> <li>• Check for amperage in monitored conductor (&gt; 0.75A @ 60Hz)</li> <li>• Assure that sensor core mating surfaces are clean and that the core clamp is completely closed</li> </ul> |